



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS  
International General Certificate of Secondary Education

**LATIN**

**0480/01**

Paper 1 Language

**May/June 2010**

**1 hour 30 minutes**

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper



**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet.

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

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This document consists of 4 printed pages and 4 blank pages.



## Section A

Translate the following passage into English. Write your translation **on alternate lines**.

*Camillus' refusal to take advantage of a schoolmaster's treachery during the siege of Falerii leads to the end of hostilities between the Romans and that city.*

olim inter Faliscos<sup>1</sup> erat magister. hic vir doctissimus erat et filios principum urbis docebat. in pace extra urbem eos cotidie ducere solebat. sic enim corpora sua exercere<sup>2</sup> poterant. cum tamen Romani Falerios<sup>3</sup> obsiderent<sup>4</sup>, magister consilium scelestum cepit. namque ex urbe cum pueris egressus, non constitut<sup>5</sup> antequam ad castra Romana pervenit. ibi magister Camillo<sup>6</sup>, duci Romano, 'ego tibi', inquit, 'liberos volo tradere, quorum patres sunt principes Faliscorum<sup>1</sup>. si tibi placuerit hos accipere, urbem in potestate tua habebis.' quo audito, Camillus<sup>6</sup> ira incensus respondit Romanos non contra pueros sed contra viros bellum gerere. deinde imperavit ut magister, manibus post tergum<sup>7</sup> illigatis<sup>8</sup>, a discipulis ad urbem duceretur. virgas<sup>9</sup> eis dedit ut in itinere illum verberarent<sup>10</sup>. ubi pueri cum magistro Faleriis<sup>3</sup> appropinquabant, cives ad spectaculum cucurrerunt. reditu eorum adeo delectati sunt<sup>11</sup> ut non iam cum Romanis pugnare cuperent. omnium igitur consensu<sup>12</sup> legati ad Camillum<sup>6</sup> profecti sunt qui nuntiarent Faliscos<sup>1</sup> urbem Romanis statim velle dedere.

based on LIVY V, 27

<sup>1</sup> *Falisci, Faliscorum* (m.pl) = the Falisci, the inhabitants of Falerii

<sup>2</sup> *exerceo, exercere* = I exercise

<sup>3</sup> *Falerii, Faleriorum* (m.pl) = Falerii, a city in Etruria

<sup>4</sup> *obsideo, obsidere* = I besiege

<sup>5</sup> *consisto, consistere, constitui* = I halt, stop

<sup>6</sup> *Camillus, Camilli* (m) = Camillus

<sup>7</sup> *tergum, tergi* (n) = back

<sup>8</sup> *illigo, illigare* = I tie

<sup>9</sup> *virga, virgae* (f) = stick

<sup>10</sup> *verbero, verberare* = I beat

<sup>11</sup> *delecto, delectare* = I delight

<sup>12</sup> *consensus, consensus* (m) = agreement

[40]

**SECTION B IS ON NEXT PAGE**

## Section B

Read the following passage and answer the questions.

*Pharnabazus, prompted by Lysander, has Alcibiades murdered in Asia Minor.*

Alcibiades<sup>1</sup>, cum intellexisset nullum locum sibi tutum esse in Graecia propter potentiam<sup>2</sup> Lacedaemoniorum<sup>3</sup>, ad Pharnabazum<sup>4</sup> in Asiam<sup>5</sup> transiit. Lysander<sup>6</sup> tamen, imperator Lacedaemoniorum<sup>3</sup>, Pharnabazo<sup>4</sup> persuasit ut Alcibiadem<sup>1</sup> vivum aut mortuum sibi traderet. itaque Pharnabazus<sup>4</sup> duobus militibus imperavit ut Alcibiadem<sup>1</sup> interficerent. illi, quod comminus<sup>7</sup> aggredi timebant, nocte ligna<sup>8</sup> posuerunt circum casam, in qua dormiebat, eamque incenderunt. Alcibiades<sup>1</sup> autem, sonitu<sup>9</sup> flammarum<sup>10</sup> excitatus, quamquam gladius ei ademptus erat<sup>11</sup>, comitis sui telum eripuit<sup>12</sup>. namque erat cum eo amicus, qui numquam ab eo discedere voluerat. hunc se sequi iussit et vestibus, quas collegerat, in ignem iactis flamas<sup>10</sup> transiit. quem ubi milites e flammis<sup>10</sup> fugisse viderunt, telis eminus<sup>13</sup> missis interfecerunt et caput eius ad Pharnabazum<sup>4</sup> tulerunt.

CORNELIUS NEPOS, *Alcibiades*, ix.-x.6 (adapted and with omissions)

<sup>1</sup> *Alcibiades, Alcibiadis* (m) = Alcibiades, an exiled Athenian general

<sup>2</sup> *potentia, potentiae* (f) = power, influence

<sup>3</sup> *Lacedaemonii, Lacedaemoniorum* (m.pl) = the Spartans

<sup>4</sup> *Pharnabazus, Pharnabazi* (m) = Pharnabazus, a Persian governor

<sup>5</sup> *Asia, Asiae* (f) = Asia Minor

<sup>6</sup> *Lysander, Lysandri* (m) = Lysander, a Spartan commander

<sup>7</sup> *comminus* = at close quarters

<sup>8</sup> *lignum, ligni* (n) = log

<sup>9</sup> *sonitus, sonitus* (m) = sound

<sup>10</sup> *flamma, flammea* (f) = flame

<sup>11</sup> *adimo, adimere, ademi, ademptum* = I take away from

<sup>12</sup> *eripio, eripere, eripui, ereptum* = I seize

<sup>13</sup> *eminus* = from a distance

- (a) Why did Alcibiades cross over to Pharnabazus in Asia? [1]
- (b) What did Lysander persuade Pharnabazus to do? [1]
- (c) Lines 5-6 (*illi...incenderunt*):
- (i) describe in detail how the soldiers planned to kill Alcibiades. [4]
  - (ii) why did they use this method? [1]
- (d) How was Alcibiades alerted to what was going on? [1]
- (e) Line 7 (*quamquam...eripuit*):
- (i) what problem is referred to here? [1]
  - (ii) how did Alcibiades deal with the problem? [1]
- (f) In what way had Alcibiades' friend shown his loyalty to him? [2]
- (g) By what means was Alcibiades able to pass safely through the flames? [2]
- (h) Translate *quem ubi milites e flammis fugisse viderunt* (lines 9 -10). [2]
- (i) How did the soldiers eventually kill Alcibiades? [1]
  - (j) How did Pharnabazus find out for certain that Alcibiades had been killed? [1]
- (k) Choose **four** of the following Latin words and **for each one** give an English word derived wholly or partly from the same root: *nullum* (line 1), *aggreedi* (line 5), *incenderunt* (line 6), *amicus* (line 8), *caput* (line 10). [4]

[25]





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*Copyright Acknowledgements:*

Section B

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